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A NEW
DICTIONARY,
 SPANISH and ENGLISH,
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L A Y I N G D O W N

The true Etymology of Words, with their various Significations;
 Terms of Arts and Sciences, Proper Names of Men and Women, Surnames
 of Families, Titles of Honour, the Geography of *Spain* and the *West*
Indies, and principal Plants growing in those Parts.

22920

To all which are added, Vast Numbers of

PROVERBS, PHRASES, and DIFFICULT EXPRESSIONS,
 all literally explained, with their Equivalents.

By Captain JOHN STEVENS.

D I C I O N A R I O
 N U E V O

Español y Ingles, y Ingles y Español;

Mucho mas copioso que quantos hasta agora han salido à luz.

En el qual se pone la Etymologia de las Palabras, con sus varias Significaciones;
 Terminos de Artes y Ciencias, Nombres propios de Hombres y Mujeres, Ape-
 lidos de Casas o Familias, Titulos de Nobleza, la Geographia de España y de las
Indias Occidentales, y las principales Plantas que se crian en dichas partes.

A lo qual se ha añadido una inmensidad de Refrases, Phrases, y Modos de hablar Obscuros,
 Todos explicados à la Letra, con sus Equivalentes.

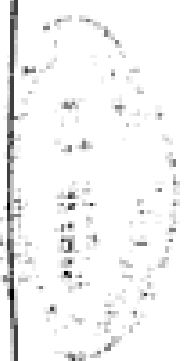
Por el Capitan Don JUAN STEVENS.

L O N D O N :

Printed for J. DAVY, A. REYBROOK, F. FAYRAM, J. PEMBERTON, C. RIVINGTON,
 J. HOOPER, F. CLAY, J. BARTLEY, and E. SIMON. M.DCC.XXVI.



20004 MEIRAS



M I R

MIRAB'L, a sort of yellow honey-suckle.

MIRABOLA'NO, the mirabolan, an excellent medicine, laxative, and purging the body of superfluous and melancholy humours, comforting the heart, the liver, and stomach, and mix'd with other violent medicines, tempers their malignity. It grows in several parts of *India*, is cold in the first degree, and dry in the second. Fresh, it is eaten to please the appetite; and dry'd, is used for dressing leather and for dying; and put into the country vinegar made of the palm-tree, adds to its strength. They are also preserved. The infusion of mirabolans is given to purge, and the powder to comfort and bind; they strengthen the inward parts, quicken the senses and understanding, cheer the heart, purify the blood, expel melancholy, and cause a good colour. *Christ. Acost. nat. hist. E. Ind.*

MIRA'DA, a look, a view, a casting of the eyes over a thing.

MIRADE'RO, a place to look out at.

MIRA'DO, beheld; also considerate; as,

Hombre mirado, a man that considers what he does.

MIRADÓR, leads, or a turret on the top of an house, or a balcony to look about.

MIRAFLORES, a famous monastery of *Carthusians* near the city *Burgos* in *Old Castile*.

MIRAFLORES, a town in the territory of the city *Lima* in the kingdom of *Peru*, seated in the valley of *Zana*,

M I R

the river *Duro*. They are both earldoms; the first in *Castile* is in the noble family of *Zuñiga* and *Avellaneda*, who had their creation from king *Henry IV.* of *Castile*, ann. 1467; they are grandees of *Spain*, and their arms *Parti per pale*, first, *Argent*, a bend *Sable*, over all chains in *Orle*, which is for *Zuñiga*. The second, *Or*, two wolfs carrying their prey natural within an *Orle Gules*, charged with eight saltires *Or*; but they have added to their coats those of the houses of *Cardenas*, *Henriquez*, and *Baçon*, upon account of marriages with them. The earl of *Miranda* in *Portugal* is of the house of *Sousa*, of which see more, verb. *Sousa*. *Miranda de Ebro*, has an old castle, 300 inhabitants, 2 parishes, and a monastery of *Franciscans*.

MIRANDE'LA, a town in *Portugal* 9 leagues from the city *Bragança*, on the banks of the river *Tua*, over which it has a good bridge of 20 arches. It is wall'd, has 150 inhabitants, 1 parish, 3 chapels, and an hospital.

MIRANDILLA, a town in the province of *Estremadura* in *Spain*, 2 leagues from *Merida*, in a fertile country, has about 200 inhabitants, 1 parish, and 2 chapels.

MIRA'R, to look, to behold, to regard, to observe, to consider.

Mirar al través, to squint, to cast a side look.

Mirar de hito en hito, to look directly and stedfastly on a thing.

Prov. *Quien adelante no mira, atrás se halla*: He who does not look before

M I S

well known, distilling from a tree, but what sort of tree, authors do not agree. *Ray*, p. 1841.

MIRRAÚSTRE, vid. *Mirraústra*.

MIRTO, the myrtle-tree.

MIRUE'DANOS, strawberries.

M I S

MISA, vid. *Missa*.

MISERA'BLE, miserable, covetous, wretched. Lat. *miserabilis*.

MISERABLEM'ENTE, miserably, covetously, wretchedly.

MISERA'ICAS v'enas, vid. *Misericas*.

MISER'IA, misery, wretchedness, covetousness. Lat.

MISERICORDIA, mercy, pity, compassion. Lat.

MISERICORDIOSAM'ENTE, mercifully.

MISERICORDIOSO, merciful.

MISERO, miserable, wretched, covetous, poor, distressed.

MISION, vid. *Misión*.

MISNO, the same.

MISQUITL, a tree whereof there is great plenty in *New Spain* and *New Galicia*, growing every where naturally. It is wild and thorny, has thin leaves like those of garlick, and bears long cods hanging down like the tamarind-tree, and full of kernels, which are sweet and good to eat, whereof the wild *Chichimecas* make little balls, which serve them instead of bread.

Missa, the mass.

Missa reçada, a private mass.

Missa mayor, high mass.

Missa del gallo, the mass said at midnight on Christmas-day, so call'd,